Puesta al hasta 2007 Dec 10 07:32 AM: revision continua de la literature Tomada de Dynamed Servidor Ebsco Finnish Medical Society Duodecim evidence-based guideline (National Guideline Clearinghouse 2007 Dec 3) American Academy of Dermatology guideline on acne vulgaris management (National Guideline Clearinghouse 2007 Aug 27)

- lesions) were randomized to methyl aminolaevulinate cream 160 mg/g (Metvix) to one side of face vs. placebo cream to other side of face
- o cream applied for 3 hours under adhesive occlusive dressing, then wiped off immediately before noncoherent red light illumination; second photodynamic therapy repeated 2 weeks later
- o 27 patients followed at 4 and 10 weeks after second treatment, 3 patients who dropped out within first 2 weeks were analyzed by intention to treat using last observation carried forward
- clinical success defined as clear or almost clear (few scattered comedones and < 5 small papules)</li>
- o comparing topical methyl aminolaevulinate vs. placebo
  - median reduction in total inflammatory lesion counts 63% vs. 28% at week 6 (p = 0.0004) and 54% vs. 20% at week 12 (p = 0.0006)
  - no significant differences between groups in median reduction in total noninflammatory lesion counts
  - 9 (30%) vs. 3 (10%) had clinical success at week 12
    (p = 0.0143, NNT 5)
- o 21 (70%) patients had adverse events
  - including pain (30% events), erythema (27%) and skin swelling (17%)
  - local adverse events resolved within 10 days
- Reference Br J Dermatol 2006 Sep;155(3):608 EBSCOhost Full Text
- blue light promoted for acne treatment, expensive and insufficient evidence to evaluate efficacy (<u>level 3</u> [<u>lacking direct] evidence</u>)
  - high-intensity narrow band blue light (ClearLight) FDA approved for treatment of moderate inflammatory acne vulgaris
  - o current evidence limited to uncontrolled studies with rates of improvement ranging from 32% to 77%
  - o high-intensity lamp costs \$49,000 or can be leased for \$1,000/month, typical treatment course (15-minute exposures twice weekly for 4 weeks) costs \$800-\$1,600 to the patient
  - o Reference The Medical Letter 2003 Jun 23;45(1159):50
- laser therapy
  - pulsed-dye laser therapy may reduce severity of inflammatory acne but evidence inconsistent (<u>level</u> 2 [mid-level] evidence)
    - based on 2 small, single-blind randomized trials
    - 41 adults with mild to moderate facial inflammatory acne randomized to pulsed-dye laser vs. sham treatment as movement of laser handpiece over entire face in about 15 minutes; patients were blinded to treatment assignment but